# Financial Plan update & Proposed 2021 Budget

Finance and Audit Committee Meeting 10/14/2020



### Why we are here

#### No action requested today; information only

- Long-Range Financial Plan projections
- Proposed 2021 Budget



### Long-Range Financial Plan projections and 2021 Budget

Long-Range Financial Plan Projections 2017 - 2041

Including Sound Move, ST2, and ST3 sources and uses through 2041

Transit Improvement Plan to 2026

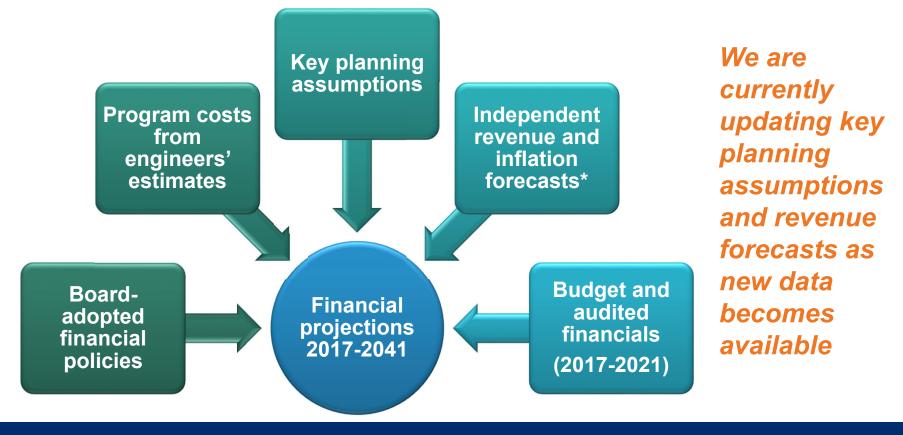
Board-approved costs for active projects through 2026

#### Budget 2021

Annual revenue, financing sources and expenditures for 2021



#### **Long-Range Financial Plan projections**



**SoundTransit** 

Takeaway 1: Current forecasts render the program unaffordable without realignment.

 Revenue declines and cost increases create capacity constraints, exceed assumed higher grant revenue and lower inflation.

# Financial Plan unaffordable under current forecasts

\$2.7B in unfunded expenditures 2017-2041 (YOE\$)

	2019 fall financial projections		<u>Changes in</u> projections (2017-2041)		<u>2020 fall</u> <u>financial</u> projections	
Available sources	\$97.9B	-	\$2.1B	=	\$95.8B	<u>Unfunded</u> <u>expenditures:</u>
Expenditures	\$97.9B	+	\$0.6B	=	\$98.5B	\$2.7B



# **\$2.1 billion decrease in available funds**

Comparing to 2019 projections 2017-2041 (YOE\$ in millions)

#### Loss in tax and fares revenue

- Tax revenue: -\$6.1 billion (-9.5%)
- Fares: -\$149 million (-2.2%)

#### Partially offset by

- Additional federal grants: \$801 million (10.0%)
- Additional debt: \$3.2 billion (17.9%)
- Other: \$184 million (23.7%) largely interest income \$135 million from bond proceeds
- = \$2.1 billion net decrease in available funding



#### **Tax revenue projections down by \$6.1 billion** (YOE\$ in millions)

# Four months of actual data; long term trend highly uncertain

2020 Revenue Forecast vs. 2019 Revenue Forecast					
	2	020 - 2021	2	020 - 2041	2020 - 2041 (%)
Sales Tax	\$	(256,667)	\$	(5,428,424)	-11.5%
MVET	\$	(49,183)	\$	(606,513)	-8.1%
Property Tax	\$	(121)	\$	(33,849)	-0.8%
Rental Car Tax (RCT)	\$	(4,102)	\$	(39,050)	-46.2%
Total Tax Revenues	\$	(310,073)	\$	(6,107,835)	-10.3%
Grants (Incl. CARES Act)	\$	305,982	\$	800,489	10.8%
Total Taxes and Grants	\$	(4,091)	\$	(5,307,346)	-8.0%



### Fare revenue projections lower by \$149M

- Sound Move, ST2 and ST3 plans assume fare revenues as an essential revenue source to fund the program.
- Fare revenue assumes needed fare increases to meet farebox recovery ratio based on the fares policy.



## Grant assumption increased by \$800 million

- \$166M CARES Act in 2020.
- \$634M additional grant funding assumed for 2021 through 2041.
- Currently pursuing additional grants and other federal assistance.



### \$3.2 billion additional debt is projected

- The debt capacity is projected to be completely depleted
- Available debt capacity is insufficient to meet funding needs without program re-alignment
- Additional debt leads to increased program costs, widening the funding gap.



#### \$600 million net increase in costs Compared to 2019 projections

#### Increase in costs

- Operating and SOGR cost \$800 million (2.7%)
- Debt service \$1 billion (6.1%)

#### **Partially offset by**

- Decrease in capital cost escalation: \$1.2 billion (-2.3%)
- = \$600 million net increase in program costs through 2041



#### **\$800 million projected increase in operating** and SOGR cost

Lower inflation not enough to offset cost growth

- Lower projected O&M CPI: (-\$481 million)
- Additional vertical conveyance and other State of Good Repair resource need: +\$555 million
- Increase in operating costs
  - Mainly due to purchased transportation cost growth: +\$562 million\*
  - Higher projected insurance: +\$177 million

\* 5% inflation assumed through 2025. 2016-2019 normalized purchased transportation inflation = 5.7%



#### **\$1 billion increase in projected debt service** *through 2041*

- Additional borrowing increases debt service cost therefore increases the cost of the entire program and further widens the funding gap.
- Total debt service cost increase is much higher than \$1B beyond 2041 \$4.5B for the life of the bonds.



#### Longer term capital cost trend is unclear with high uncertainty

- -\$1.2 billion projected decrease in capital cost through 2041 due to lower macro inflation factors
- However, current local market condition does not reflect macro inflation trend
  - Property value has been increasing in past months.
  - > New cost estimates continue to come in higher.



# Lower inflation leads to lower cost, but also lower property tax and debt limit

- Debt limit (based on property value) declined \$2.4B in 2041.
- \$33M lower property tax projected through 2041.



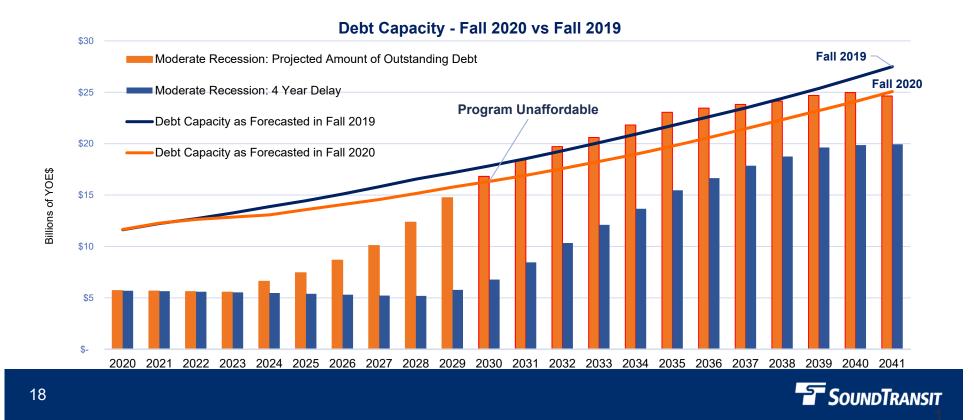
#### Moderate recession makes program unaffordable

Decrease in AV capacity limit and increase in needed debt



Debt Capacity - Fall 2020 vs Fall 2019

#### **Realignment can make program affordable** Moderate recession scenario with 0 and 4 year program delay



Takeaway 2. Economic condition is highly uncertain and funding gaps will grow if recession deepens.

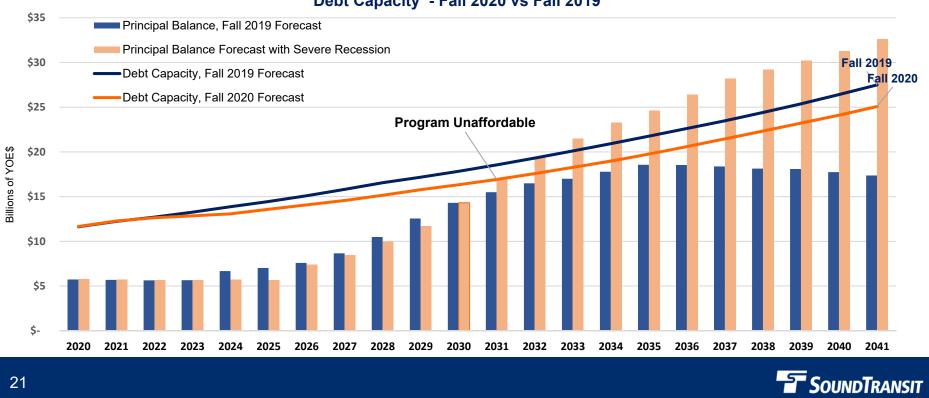
#### Severe recession remains possible Potential \$12B in tax revenue loss

- Steeper decline in 2021, coupled with slower and longer recovery
- Revenue decline closer to great recession level.

2020 Revenue Forecast vs. 2019 Revenue Forecast					
	20	20 - 2021		2020 - 2041	2020 - 2041 (%)
Sales Tax	\$	(381,141)	\$	(10,593,260)	-22.4%
MVET	\$	(50,507)	\$	(853 <i>,</i> 482)	-11.4%
Property Tax	\$	(121)	\$	(33 <i>,</i> 849)	-0.8%
Rental Car Tax (RCT)	\$	(4,102)	\$	(39 <i>,</i> 050)	-46.2%
Total Tax Revenues	\$	(435,871)	\$	(11,519,640)	-19.4%

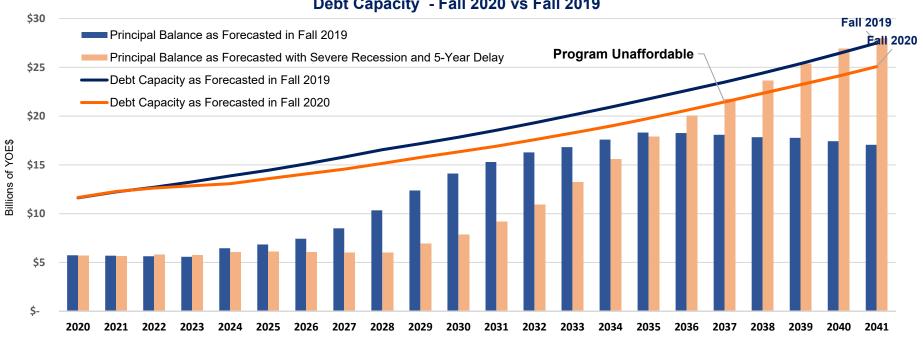


#### More severe recession further lessens capacity



Debt Capacity - Fall 2020 vs Fall 2019

#### Severe recession could make 5-year delay unaffordable



Debt Capacity - Fall 2020 vs Fall 2019



# Key takeaways and management considerations

# Key takeaways – Long-Range Financial Plan projections

- 1. Current forecasts render the program unaffordable without realignment.
- 2. Economic condition is highly uncertain and funding gaps will grow if recession deepens.



## Key management considerations

- Long-term economic and financial trajectory highly uncertain.
- Scope discipline for the entire program remains imperative;
- Contain operating expense growth to ensure program affordability.
- Pursue additional options to increase funding and capacity.



# 2021 Proposed Budget

### 2021 Budget goals

- Achieve efficiencies and fiscal discipline by tightly managing expenses.
- Follow program realignment guidance.
- Maintain long term financial sustainability.



### 2021 Budget target and process

- Resource allocation consistent with early realignment guidance and agency priorities.
- Service levels/budget reflect current ridership demand.
- Reduce spending on operating budget to maintain 2020 spending levels, with only additional dollars to support new services and assets.



# Major cost-saving initiatives in 2020-2021

#### **Position control**

- Eliminated 77 vacant positions.
- Added 42 positions due to system expansions.

#### Salary and benefit reductions

- Removed 2021 merit increase.
- Increased health premium cost share for employee dependents.

# 9.2% reduction of total non-labor costs (excluding purchased transportation)



# **Revenues & funding sources**

## 2021 tax revenues: \$1.8 billion

In \$million	2020 Forecast	2021 Proposed	% Change
Sales & Use Tax	1,346	1,299	(4)%
MVET	337	332	(2)%
Property Tax	146	161	11%
Rental Car Tax	2	2	1%
Total Tax Revenues	\$1,830	\$1,793	(2)%

- Total tax revenues 13% below original 2021 forecast
- Total taxes = 61% of all total funding sources

\*Numbers may not add correctly due to rounding.



# **2021 other revenue and financing sources: \$1.2 billion**

In \$Million	2020 Forecast	2021 Proposed	% Change
Federal Grants	565	377	(33)%
Fares	33	54	62%
Investment / Other	54	33	(39)%
Total Other	\$652M	\$464M	(29)%
TIFIA	-	700	NA

- Federal grants lower in 2021 due to CARES Act funding in 2020.
- Fares up as we begin to regain ridership.
- Lower investment income due to lower cash balance.
- TIFIA draws needed to make up for lost revenue.



#### 2021 projects budget: \$2.5 billion

# 2021 projects budget reflects early Board guidance on realignment

*Numbers may not add correctly due to rounding. 2020 forecast is as of September.	In \$million	2020 Forecast	2021 Proposed
	System Expansion	2,242	2,306
	Enhancements	23	36
	State of Good Repair	56	46
	Administrative	114	119
	Total	\$2,435	\$2,507



# Key assumptions in 2021 project budget and TIP

Capital program reflects the early path forward on project realignment.

- Current construction continues.
- Equal amount of delay <u>as a placeholder</u> in projects not already in construction or baselined. Project readiness maintained for delayed projects.
- 2021 mid-year budget update based upon Board realignment direction.

SOGR and non-system expansion projects funded to support agency priorities.



### 2021 transit operations budget: \$381M

In \$Million	2020 Forecast	2021 Proposed
Link	150	168
ST Express	150	138
Sounder	57	68
Tacoma Link	6.1	6.5
Total	\$363	\$381

- Link: primarily new services at NGL, OMFE and DSTT.
- ST Express: costs reflect services to meet current ridership levels.
- Sounder: mainly due to scheduled overhaul and station maintenance, and insurance premium increase.

\*Numbers may not add correctly due to rounding. 2020 forecast excludes partner reconciliations related to 2019 services.



# Key assumptions in 2021 transit operations budget:

- Agency operating costs maintained at 2020 levels, with growth to support system expansions (i.e. Northgate and OMFE).
- Purchased transportation service level adjusted to meet current ridership demand
- Additional budget may be requested from the Board in 2021 in response to potential ridership increase.



### 2021 debt service and other costs: \$208M

In \$Million	2020 Forecast	2021 Proposed	% Change
Debt Service	143	161	13%
Dept of Revenue Fees	15	26	68%
Dept of Licensing Fees	4	5	17%
Contributions	5	5	0%
Operating Contingency	-	11	NA
Total	\$167M	\$208M	24%

- Higher DOR costs from sales tax offset fee increase driven by higher construction contract payments on ST3 projects
- Fees to DOL for MVET collection; rate increase starting July 1st



Budget timeline and next steps

#### Potential budget adjustment needed in 2021

- 2021 mid-year budget will be updated based upon Board realignment decisions
- Budget adjustments may be requested from the Board to meet incremental realignment decisions and unforeseeable needs such as increased ridership demand, and COVID-related cost increases.



#### **Budgets within Committee purview**

Committee	Budget/TIP Sections
Rider Experience and Operations	<ul><li>Transit operations</li><li>Non-system expansion projects</li></ul>
System Expansion	System expansion projects – Link, Sounder, Regional Express, Stride
Executive	System expansion projects – Other
Finance and Audit Committee	Other committees recommend budget to FAC FAC recommends to Board



### Timeline

#### **October – budget and Financial Plan kickoff**

 10/22 – Board Meeting – Overview of Long-Range Financial Plan projections and budget

#### November – budget overview and property tax levy approval

- **11/5** Public hearing budget and property taxes.
- **11/5** Executive Committee budget overview and property tax levy.
- **11/5** Rider Experience and Operations Committee budget overview.
- **11/12** System Expansion Committee budget overview.
- **11/19** Board Meeting request for approval of the property tax levy.



### **Timeline continued**

#### December – budget recommendation and approval

- **12/3** Executive Committee recommends to FAC.
- 12/3 Rider Experience and Operations Committee recommends to FAC.
- **12/10** System Expansion Committee recommends to FAC.
- 12/17 Finance and Audit Committee recommends to Board.
- 12/17 Board adoption of the Proposed 2021 Budget and Transit Improvement Plan.



# Thank you.



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